

# **AXIS W401 Body Worn Activation Kit**

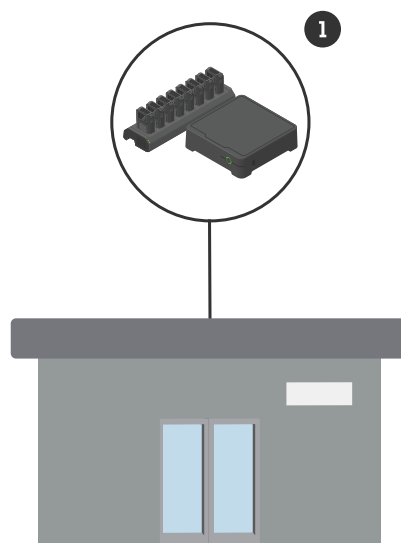
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### About the device

#### System overview



*Headquarters' system*

*1 Axis body worn system*

#### Software requirements

Axis body worn system – AXIS OS version 12.3 or later

### Installation

For more information on how to install the AXIS W401 Body Worn Activation Kit, see the installation guide on the product's *support page*.

1. Connect the recording activation device to the I/O connector. See .

#### **NOTICE**

We recommend that you install a 2 A fuse between the positive terminal of the battery and AXIS W401 Body Worn Activation Kit. If you are unsure of how to install the hardware, contact a professional car upfitter to do the installation.

2. Connect power to the power connector, or use PoE to power the device. See .

#### **Note**

If both power connector and PoE are connected, the network will be connected via ethernet cable.

The device will switch to the wireless connection when you disconnect the ethernet cable.

## Get started

### Find the device on the network

To find Axis devices on the network and assign them IP addresses in Windows®, use AXIS IP Utility or AXIS Device Manager. Both applications are free and can be downloaded from [axis.com/support](https://axis.com/support).

For more information about how to find and assign IP addresses, go to *How to assign an IP address and access your device*.

### Browser support

You can use the device with the following browsers:

	Chrome™	Firefox®	Edge™	Safari®
Windows®	recommended	✓	recommended	
macOS®	recommended	✓	recommended	✓*
Linux®	recommended	✓	recommended	
Other operating systems	✓	✓	✓	✓

\*Not fully supported. If you encounter video streaming issues, use a different browser.

### Open the device's web interface

1. Open a browser and type the IP address or host name of the Axis device.  
If you do not know the IP address, use AXIS IP Utility or AXIS Device Manager to find the device on the network.
2. Type the username and password. If you access the device for the first time, you must create an administrator account. See .

For descriptions of all the controls and options in the device's web interface, see .

### Create an administrator account

The first time you log in to your device, you must create an administrator account.

1. Enter a username.
2. Enter a password. See .
3. Re-enter the password.
4. Accept the license agreement.
5. Click **Add account**.

#### Important

The device has no default account. If you lose the password for your administrator account, you must reset the device. See .

### Secure passwords

#### Important

Use HTTPS (which is enabled by default) to set your password or other sensitive configurations over the network. HTTPS enables secure and encrypted network connections, thereby protecting sensitive data, such as passwords.

The device password is the primary protection for your data and services. Axis devices do not impose a password policy as they may be used in various types of installations.

To protect your data we strongly recommend that you:

- Use a password with at least 8 characters, preferably created by a password generator.
- Don't expose the password.
- Change the password at a recurring interval, at least once a year.

### **Make sure that no one has tampered with the device software**

To make sure that the device has its original AXIS OS, or to take full control of the device after a security attack:

1. Reset to factory default settings. See .  
After the reset, secure boot guarantees the state of the device.
2. Configure and install the device.

### Configure your device

This section covers all the important configurations that an installer needs to do to get the product up and running after the hardware installation has been completed.

#### Set up rules for events

To learn more, check out our guide *Get started with rules for events*.

#### Trigger an action

1. Go to **System > Events** and add a rule. The rule defines when the device will perform certain actions. You can set up rules as scheduled, recurring, or manually triggered.
2. Enter a **Name**.
3. Select the **Condition** that must be met to trigger the action. If you specify more than one condition for the rule, all of the conditions must be met to trigger the action.
4. Select which **Action** the device should perform when the conditions are met.

#### Note

If you make changes to an active rule, the rule must be turned on again for the changes to take effect.

#### Detect tampering with input signal

This example explains how to send an email when the input signal is cut or short-circuited. For more information about the I/O connector, see .

1. Go to **System > Accessories > I/O ports** and turn on **Supervised** for the relevant port.

#### Add an email recipient:

1. Go to **System > Events > Recipients** and add a recipient.
2. Type a name for the recipient.
3. Select **Email** as the notification type.
4. Type the recipient's email address.
5. Type the email address that you want the camera to send notifications from.
6. Provide the login details for the sending email account, along with the SMTP hostname and port number.
7. To test your email setup, click **Test**.
8. Click **Save**.

#### Create a rule:

1. Go to **System > Events > Rules** and add a rule.
2. Type a name for the rule.
3. In the list of conditions, under **I/O**, select **Supervised input tampering is active**.
4. Select the relevant port.
5. In the list of actions, under **Notifications**, select **Send notification to email** and then select the recipient from the list.
6. Type a subject line and message for the email.
7. Click **Save**.



### **Activate a lamp when the window is opened**

This example explains how to connect a window contact to a Body Worn Activation Kit, and how to set up an event to activate a lamp when a window with a contact on it is opened.

#### **Prerequisites**

- Connect a 2-wire cable (ground, I/O) to the window contact and to the I/O connector on the Body Worn Activation Kit.
- Connect the lamp to power and to the relay connector on the Body Worn Activation Kit.

#### **Configure the I/O ports in the Body Worn Activation Kit**

1. Go to **System > Accessories**.
2. Enter the following information in **Port 1**:
  - **Name:** Window sensor
  - **Direction:** Input
  - **Normal state:** Closed circuit
3. Enter the following information in **Port 2**:
  - **Name:** Lamp
  - **Direction:** Output
  - **Normal state:** Open circuit

#### **Create two rules in the Body Worn Activation Kit**

1. Go to **System > Events** and add a rule.
2. Enter the following information:
  - **Name:** Window sensor
  - **Condition:** Digital input  
Select **Use this condition as a trigger**
  - **Port:** Window sensor
  - **Action:** Toggle I/O while the rule is active
  - **Port:** Lamp
  - **State:** Active
3. Click **Save**.

### **Activate the Body Worn Activation Kit over MQTT when camera detects motion**

#### **Prerequisites**

- Configure a device for the I/O port 1 in the Body Worn Activation Kit.
- Set up an MQTT broker and get the broker's IP address, username and password.
- Set up AXIS Motion Guard in the camera.

#### **Set up the MQTT client in the camera**

1. In the camera's device interface, go to **System > MQTT > MQTT client > Broker** and enter the following information:
  - **Host:** Broker IP address
  - **Client ID:** For example Camera 1
  - **Protocol:** The protocol the broker is set to
  - **Port:** The port number used by the broker
  - The broker **Username** and **Password**
2. Click **Save** and **Connect**.

#### **Create two rules in the camera for MQTT publishing**

1. Go to **System > Events > Rules** and add a rule.
2. Enter the following information:
  - **Name:** Motion detected
  - **Condition:** Applications > Motion alarm
  - **Action:** MQTT > Send MQTT publish message
  - **Topic:** Motion
  - **Payload:** On
  - **QoS:** 0, 1 or 2
3. Click **Save**.
4. Add another rule with the following information:
  - **Name:** No motion
  - **Condition:** Applications > Motion alarm
    - Select **Invert this condition**.
  - **Action:** MQTT > Send MQTT publish message
  - **Topic:** Motion
  - **Payload:** Off
  - **QoS:** 0, 1 or 2
5. Click **Save**.

### **Set up the MQTT client in the Body Worn Activation Kit**

1. In the Body Worn Activation Kit's device interface, go to **System > MQTT > MQTT client > Broker** and enter the following information:
  - **Host:** Broker IP address
  - **Client ID:** Port 1
  - **Protocol:** The protocol the broker is set to
  - **Port:** The port number used by the broker
  - **Username and Password**
2. Click **Save** and **Connect**.
3. Go to **MQTT subscriptions** and add a subscription.  
Enter the following information:
  - **Subscription filter:** Motion
  - **Subscription type:** Stateful
  - **QoS:** 0, 1 or 2
4. Click **Save**.

### **Create a rule in the Body Worn Activation Kit for MQTT subscriptions**

1. Go to **System > Events > Rules** and add a rule.
2. Enter the following information:
  - **Name:** Motion detected
  - **Condition:** MQTT > Stateful
  - **Subscription filter:** Motion
  - **Payload:** On
  - **Action:** I/O > Toggle I/O while the rule is active
  - **Port:** I/O 1.
3. Click **Save**.

### **Open a lock when a button is pressed**

This example explains how to connect a relay to the Body Worn Activation Kit and how to set up an event to open a lock when someone presses a button connected to the Body Worn Activation Kit.

#### **Prerequisites**

- Connect a 2-wire cable (COM, NO) to the lock and to the relay connector on the Body Worn Activation Kit.
- Connect a 2-wire cable (ground, I/O) to the button and to the I/O connector on the Body Worn Activation Kit.

#### **Configure the I/O ports in the Body Worn Activation Kit**








1. Go to **System > Accessories**.
2. Enter the following information in **Port 1**:
  - **Name:** Button
  - **Direction:** Input
  - **Normal state:** Open circuit
3. Enter the following information in **Port 9**:
  - **Name:** Lock
  - **Normal state:** Open circuit



#### **Create a rule in the Body Worn Activation Kit**


1. Go to **System > Events** and add a rule.
2. Enter the following information:
  - **Name:** Open lock
  - **Condition:** I/O > Digital input is active  
Select **Use this condition as a trigger**
  - **Port:** Button
  - **Action:** I/O > Toggle I/O once
  - **Port:** Lock
  - **State:** Active
  - **Duration:** 10 s
3. Click **Save**.

## The web interface

To reach the device's web interface, type the device's IP address in a web browser.

 Show or hide the main menu.
   
 Access the release notes.
   
 Access the product help.
   
 Change the language.
   
 Set light theme or dark theme.
   

 The user menu contains:
 

- Information about the user who is logged in.
-  **Change account** : Log out from the current account and log in to a new account.
-  **Log out** : Log out from the current account.

  
 The context menu contains:
 

- Analytics data**: Accept to share non-personal browser data.
- Feedback**: Share any feedback to help us improve your user experience.
- Legal**: View information about cookies and licenses.
- About**: View device information, including AXIS OS version and serial number.

## Status

### Device info

Shows the device information, including AXIS OS version and serial number.

**Upgrade AXIS OS:** Upgrade the software on your device. Takes you to the Maintenance page where you can do the upgrade.

### Time sync status

Shows NTP synchronization information, including if the device is in sync with an NTP server and the time remaining until the next sync.

**NTP settings:** View and update the NTP settings. Takes you to the **Time and location** page where you can change the NTP settings.

## Security

Shows what kind of access to the device that is active, what encryption protocols are in use, and if unsigned apps are allowed. Recommendations to the settings are based on the AXIS OS Hardening Guide.

**Hardening guide:** Link to *AXIS OS Hardening guide* where you can learn more about cybersecurity on Axis devices and best practices.

### Connected clients

Shows the number of connections and connected clients.

**View details:** View and update the list of connected clients. The list shows IP address, protocol, port, state, and PID/process of each connection.

## Apps



**Add app:** Install a new app.

**Find more apps:** Find more apps to install. You will be taken to an overview page of Axis apps.



**Allow unsigned apps** : Turn on to allow installation of unsigned apps.



View the security updates in AXIS OS and ACAP apps.

#### Note

The device's performance might be affected if you run several apps at the same time.

Use the switch next to the app name to start or stop the app.

**Open:** Access the app's settings. The available settings depend on the application. Some applications don't have any settings.



The context menu can contain one or more of the following options:

- **Open-source license:** View information about open-source licenses used in the app.
- **App log:** View a log of the app events. The log is helpful when you contact support.
- **Activate license with a key:** If the app requires a license, you need to activate it. Use this option if your device doesn't have internet access.  
If you don't have a license key, go to [axis.com/products/analytics](https://axis.com/products/analytics). You need a license code and the Axis product serial number to generate a license key.
- **Activate license automatically:** If the app requires a license, you need to activate it. Use this option if your device has internet access. You need a license code to activate the license.
- **Deactivate the license:** Deactivate the license to replace it with another license, for example, when you change from a trial license to a full license. If you deactivate the license, you also remove it from the device.
- **Settings:** Configure the parameters.
- **Delete:** Delete the app permanently from the device. If you don't deactivate the license first, it remains active.

## System

### Time and location

#### Date and time

The time format depends on the web browser's language settings.

**Note**

We recommend you synchronize the device's date and time with an NTP server.

**Synchronization:** Select an option for the device's date and time synchronization.

- **Automatic date and time (manual NTS KE servers):** Synchronize with the secure NTP key establishment servers connected to the DHCP server.
  - **Manual NTS KE servers:** Enter the IP address of one or two NTP servers. When you use two NTP servers, the device synchronizes and adapts its time based on input from both.
  - **Max NTP poll time:** Select the maximum amount of time the device should wait before it polls the NTP server to get an updated time.
  - **Min NTP poll time:** Select the minimum amount of time the device should wait before it polls the NTP server to get an updated time.
- **Automatic date and time (NTP servers using DHCP):** Synchronize with the NTP servers connected to the DHCP server.
  - **Fallback NTP servers:** Enter the IP address of one or two fallback servers.
  - **Max NTP poll time:** Select the maximum amount of time the device should wait before it polls the NTP server to get an updated time.
  - **Min NTP poll time:** Select the minimum amount of time the device should wait before it polls the NTP server to get an updated time.
- **Automatic date and time (manual NTP servers):** Synchronize with NTP servers of your choice.
  - **Manual NTP servers:** Enter the IP address of one or two NTP servers. When you use two NTP servers, the device synchronizes and adapts its time based on input from both.
  - **Max NTP poll time:** Select the maximum amount of time the device should wait before it polls the NTP server to get an updated time.
  - **Min NTP poll time:** Select the minimum amount of time the device should wait before it polls the NTP server to get an updated time.
- **Custom date and time:** Manually set the date and time. Click **Get from system** to fetch the date and time settings once from your computer or mobile device.

**Time zone:** Select which time zone to use. Time will automatically adjust to daylight saving time and standard time.

- **DHCP:** Adopts the time zone of the DHCP server. The device must be connected to a DHCP server before you can select this option.
- **Manual:** Select a time zone from the drop-down list.

**Note**

The system uses the date and time settings in all recordings, logs, and system settings.

## Device location

Enter where the device is located. Your video management system can use this information to place the device on a map.

- **Format:** Select the format to use when you enter your device's latitude and longitude.
- **Latitude:** Positive values are north of the equator.
- **Longitude:** Positive values are east of the prime meridian.
- **Heading:** Enter the compass direction that the device is facing. 0 is due north.
- **Label:** Enter a descriptive name for your device.
- **Save:** Click to save your device location.

## **WLAN**

### **Configure custom network**

#### **Note**

The device is currently connected via ethernet cable.

The device will switch to the wireless connection when you disconnect the ethernet cable.

If you'd like to join a hidden network or configure a network ahead of time, use **Configure custom network** button.

**Configure custom network:** Add a wireless network that doesn't broadcast its SSID (name). Enter the SSID and all the required settings for the network. Contact your network administrator to get the required settings.



Refresh: Update the list of available wireless networks.



The context menu contains:

- **Info:** Show the signal strength, channel, and type of network security.
- **Configure:** Change the network settings.

### **IPv4**

**Assign IPv4 automatically:** Select to let the network router assign an IP address to the device automatically. We recommend automatic IP (DHCP) for most networks.

**Fallback to static IP address if DHCP isn't available:** Select if you want to add a static IP address to use as fallback if DHCP is unavailable and can't assign an IP address automatically.

#### **Note**

If DHCP isn't available and the device uses a static address fallback, the static address is configured with a limited scope.

### **IPv6**

**Assign IPv6 automatically:** Select to turn on IPv6 and to let the network router assign an IP address to the device automatically.

## **Network**

### **IPv4**

**Assign IPv4 automatically:** Select to let the network router assign an IP address to the device automatically. We recommend automatic IP (DHCP) for most networks.

**IP address:** Enter a unique IP address for the device. Static IP addresses can be assigned at random within isolated networks, provided that each address is unique. To avoid conflicts, we recommend you contact your network administrator before you assign a static IP address.

**Subnet mask:** Enter the subnet mask to define what addresses are inside the local area network. Any address outside the local area network goes through the router.

**Router:** Enter the IP address of the default router (gateway) used to connect devices that are attached to different networks and network segments.

**Fallback to static IP address if DHCP isn't available:** Select if you want to add a static IP address to use as fallback if DHCP is unavailable and can't assign an IP address automatically.

### Note

If DHCP isn't available and the device uses a static address fallback, the static address is configured with a limited scope.

## IPv6

**Assign IPv6 automatically:** Select to turn on IPv6 and to let the network router assign an IP address to the device automatically.

## Hostname

**Assign hostname automatically:** Select to let the network router assign a hostname to the device automatically.

**Hostname:** Enter the hostname manually to use as an alternative way of accessing the device. The server report and system log use the hostname. Allowed characters are A–Z, a–z, 0–9 and –.

**Enable dynamic DNS updates:** Allow your device to automatically update its domain name server records whenever its IP address changes.

**Register DNS name:** Enter a unique domain name that points to your device's IP address. Allowed characters are A–Z, a–z, 0–9 and –.

**TTL:** Time to Live (TTL) sets how long a DNS record stays valid before it needs to be updated.

## DNS servers

**Assign DNS automatically:** Select to let the DHCP server assign search domains and DNS server addresses to the device automatically. We recommend automatic DNS (DHCP) for most networks.

**Search domains:** When you use a hostname that is not fully qualified, click **Add search domain** and enter a domain in which to search for the hostname the device uses.

**DNS servers:** Click **Add DNS server** and enter the IP address of the DNS server. This provides the translation of hostnames to IP addresses on your network.

## HTTP and HTTPS

HTTPS is a protocol that provides encryption for page requests from users and for the pages returned by the web server. The encrypted exchange of information is governed by the use of an HTTPS certificate, which guarantees the authenticity of the server.

To use HTTPS on the device, you must install an HTTPS certificate. Go to **System > Security** to create and install certificates.



**Allow access through:** Select if a user is allowed to connect to the device through the HTTP, HTTPS, or both HTTP and HTTPS protocols.

**Note**

If you view encrypted web pages through HTTPS, you might experience a drop in performance, especially when you request a page for the first time.

**HTTP port:** Enter the HTTP port to use. The device allows port 80 or any port in the range 1024-65535. If you are logged in as an administrator, you can also enter any port in the range 1-1023. If you use a port in this range, you get a warning.

**HTTPS port:** Enter the HTTPS port to use. The device allows port 443 or any port in the range 1024-65535. If you are logged in as an administrator, you can also enter any port in the range 1-1023. If you use a port in this range, you get a warning.

**Certificate:** Select a certificate to enable HTTPS for the device.

### Network discovery protocols

**Bonjour®:** Turn on to allow automatic discovery on the network.

**Bonjour name:** Enter a friendly name to be visible on the network. The default name is the device name and MAC address.

**UPnP®:** Turn on to allow automatic discovery on the network.

**UPnP name:** Enter a friendly name to be visible on the network. The default name is the device name and MAC address.

**WS-Discovery:** Turn on to allow automatic discovery on the network.

**LLDP and CDP:** Turn on to allow automatic discovery on the network. Turning LLDP and CDP off can impact the PoE power negotiation. To resolve any issues with the PoE power negotiation, configure the PoE switch for hardware PoE power negotiation only.

### One-click cloud connection

One-click cloud connection (O3C) together with an O3C service provides easy and secure internet access to live and recorded video from any location. For more information, see [axis.com/end-to-end-solutions/hosted-services](https://axis.com/end-to-end-solutions/hosted-services).

### Allow O3C:

- **One-click:** This is the default option. To connect to O3C, press the control button on the device. Depending on the device model, either press and release or press and hold, until the status LED flashes. Register the device with the O3C service within 24 hours to enable **Always** and stay connected. If you don't register, the device will disconnect from O3C.
- **Always:** The device continuously attempts to connect to an O3C service over the internet. Once you register the device, it stays connected. Use this option if the control button is out of reach.
- **No:** Disconnects the O3C service.

**Proxy settings:** If needed, enter the proxy settings to connect to the proxy server.

**Host:** Enter the proxy server's address.

**Port:** Enter the port number used for access.

**Login and Password:** If needed, enter username and password for the proxy server.

### Authentication method:

- **Basic:** This method is the most compatible authentication scheme for HTTP. It's less secure than the **Digest** method because it sends the username and password unencrypted to the server.
- **Digest:** This method is more secure because it always transfers the password encrypted across the network.
- **Auto:** This option lets the device select the authentication method depending on the supported methods. It prioritizes the **Digest** method over the **Basic** method.

**Owner authentication key (OAK):** Click **Get key** to fetch the owner authentication key. This is only possible if the device is connected to the internet without a firewall or proxy.

## SNMP

The Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) allows remote management of network devices.

**SNMP:** Select the version of SNMP to use.

- **v1 and v2c:**
  - **Read community:** Enter the community name that has read-only access to all supported SNMP objects. The default value is **public**.
  - **Write community:** Enter the community name that has read or write access to all supported SNMP objects (except read-only objects). The default value is **write**.
  - **Activate traps:** Turn on to activate trap reporting. The device uses traps to send messages for important events or status changes to a management system. In the web interface, you can set up traps for SNMP v1 and v2c. Traps are automatically turned off if you change to SNMP v3 or turn off SNMP. If you use SNMP v3, you can set up traps through the SNMP v3 management application.
  - **Trap address:** Enter the IP address or host name of the management server.
  - **Trap community:** Enter the community to use when the device sends a trap message to the management system.
  - **Traps:**
    - **Cold start:** Sends a trap message when the device starts.
    - **Link up:** Sends a trap message when a link changes from down to up.
    - **Link down:** Sends a trap message when a link changes from up to down.
    - **Authentication failed:** Sends a trap message when an authentication attempt fails.

**Note**

All Axis Video MIB traps are enabled when you turn on SNMP v1 and v2c traps. For more information, see *AXIS OS Portal > SNMP*.

- **v3:** SNMP v3 is a more secure version, which provides encryption and secure passwords. To use SNMP v3, we recommend you to activate HTTPS, as the password is then sent through HTTPS. This also prevents unauthorized parties' access to unencrypted SNMP v1 and v2c traps. If you use SNMP v3, you can set up traps through the SNMP v3 management application.
  - **Password for the account "initial":** Enter the SNMP password for the account named "initial". Although the password can be sent without activating HTTPS, we don't recommend it. The SNMP v3 password can only be set once, and preferably only when HTTPS is enabled. Once the password is set, the password field is no longer displayed. To set the password again, you must reset the device to factory default settings.

## Security

### Certificates

Certificates are used to authenticate devices on a network. The device supports two types of certificates:

- **Client/server certificates**  
A client/server certificate validates the device's identity, and can be self-signed or issued by a Certificate Authority (CA). A self-signed certificate offers limited protection and can be used before a CA-issued certificate has been obtained.
- **CA certificates**  
You can use a CA certificate to authenticate a peer certificate, for example to validate the identity of an authentication server when the device connects to a network protected by IEEE 802.1X. The device has several pre-installed CA certificates.

These formats are supported:

- Certificate formats: .PEM, .CER, and .PFX
- Private key formats: PKCS#1 and PKCS#12

#### **Important**

If you reset the device to factory default, all certificates are deleted. Any pre-installed CA certificates are reinstalled.



**Add certificate** : Click to add a certificate. A step-by-step guide opens up.

- **More** : Show more fields to fill in or select.
- **Secure keystore**: Select to use **Trusted Execution Environment (SoC TEE)**, **Secure element** or **Trusted Platform Module 2.0** to securely store the private key. For more information on which secure keystore to select, go to [help.axis.com/axis-os#cryptographic-support](http://help.axis.com/axis-os#cryptographic-support).
- **Key type**: Select the default or a different encryption algorithm from the drop-down list to protect the certificate.



The context menu contains:

- **Certificate information**: View an installed certificate's properties.
- **Delete certificate**: Delete the certificate.
- **Create certificate signing request**: Create a certificate signing request to send to a registration authority to apply for a digital identity certificate.

**Secure keystore** :

- **Trusted Execution Environment (SoC TEE)**: Select to use SoC TEE for secure keystore.
- **Secure element (CC EAL6+)**: Select to use secure element for secure keystore.
- **Trusted Platform Module 2.0 (CC EAL4+, FIPS 140-2 Level 2)**: Select to use TPM 2.0 for secure keystore.

## **Network access control and encryption**

## IEEE 802.1x

IEEE 802.1x is an IEEE standard for port-based network admission control providing secure authentication of wired and wireless network devices. IEEE 802.1x is based on EAP (Extensible Authentication Protocol).

To access a network protected by IEEE 802.1x, network devices must authenticate themselves. The authentication is performed by an authentication server, typically a RADIUS server (for example, FreeRADIUS and Microsoft Internet Authentication Server).

## IEEE 802.1AE MACsec

IEEE 802.1AE MACsec is an IEEE standard for media access control (MAC) security that defines connectionless data confidentiality and integrity for media access independent protocols.

## Certificates

When configured without a CA certificate, server certificate validation is disabled and the device tries to authenticate itself regardless of what network it is connected to.

When using a certificate, in Axis' implementation, the device and the authentication server authenticate themselves with digital certificates using EAP-TLS (Extensible Authentication Protocol - Transport Layer Security).

To allow the device to access a network protected through certificates, you must install a signed client certificate on the device.

**Authentication method:** Select an EAP type used for authentication.

**Client certificate:** Select a client certificate to use IEEE 802.1x. The authentication server uses the certificate to validate the client's identity.

**CA certificates:** Select CA certificates to validate the authentication server's identity. When no certificate is selected, the device tries to authenticate itself regardless of what network it is connected to.

**EAP identity:** Enter the user identity associated with the client certificate.

**EAPOL version:** Select the EAPOL version that is used in the network switch.

**Use IEEE 802.1x:** Select to use the IEEE 802.1x protocol.

These settings are only available if you use **IEEE 802.1x PEAP-MSCHAPv2** as the authentication method:

- **Password:** Enter the password for your user identity.
- **Peap version:** Select the Peap version that is used in the network switch.
- **Label:** Select 1 to use client EAP encryption; select 2 to use client PEAP encryption. Select the Label that the network switch uses when using Peap version 1.

These settings are only available if you use **IEEE 802.1ae MACsec (Static CAK/Pre-Shared Key)** as the authentication method:

- **Key agreement connectivity association key name:** Enter the connectivity association name (CKN). It must be 2 to 64 (divisible by 2) hexadecimal characters. The CKN must be manually configured in the connectivity association and must match on both ends of the link to initially enable MACsec.
- **Key agreement connectivity association key:** Enter the connectivity association key (CAK). It should be either 32 or 64 hexadecimal characters long. The CAK must be manually configured in the connectivity association and must match on both ends of the link to initially enable MACsec.

## Prevent brute-force attacks

**Blocking:** Turn on to block brute-force attacks. A brute-force attack uses trial-and-error to guess login info or encryption keys.

**Blocking period:** Enter the number of seconds to block a brute-force attack.

**Blocking conditions:** Enter the number of authentication failures allowed per second before the block starts. You can set the number of failures allowed both on page level and device level.

### Firewall

**Activate:** Turn on the firewall.

**Default Policy:** Select the default state for the firewall.

- **Allow:** Allows all connections to the device. This option is set by default.
- **Deny:** Denies all connections to the device.

To make exceptions to the default policy, you can create rules that allows or denies connections to the device from specific addresses, protocols, and ports.

- **Address:** Enter an address in IPv4/IPv6 or CIDR format that you want to allow or deny access to.
- **Protocol:** Select a protocol that you want to allow or deny access to.
- **Port:** Enter a port number that you want to allow or deny access to. You can add a port number between 1 and 65535.
- **Policy:** Select the policy of the rule.



: Click to create another rule.

**Add rules:** Click to add the rules that you have defined.

- **Time in seconds:** Set a time limit for testing the rules. The default time limit is set to 300 seconds. To activate the rules straight away, set the time to 0 seconds.
- **Confirm rules:** Confirm the rules and their time limit. If you have set a time limit of more than 1 second, the rules will be active during this time. If you have set the time to 0, the rules will be active straight away.

**Pending rules:** An overview of the latest tested rules that you are yet to confirm.

#### Note

The rules that have a time limit appear under **Active rules** until the displayed timer runs out, or until you confirm them. If you don't confirm them, they will appear under **Pending rules** once the timer runs out, and the firewall will revert to the previously defined settings. If you confirm them, they will replace the current active rules.

**Confirm rules:** Click to activate the pending rules.

**Active rules:** An overview of the rules you are currently running on the device.



: Click to delete an active rule.



: Click to delete all rules, both pending and active.

### Custom signed AXIS OS certificate

To install test software or other custom software from Axis on the device, you need a custom signed AXIS OS certificate. The certificate verifies that the software is approved by both the device owner and Axis. The software can only run on a specific device which is identified by its unique serial number and chip ID. Only Axis can create custom signed AXIS OS certificates, since Axis holds the key to sign them.

**Install:** Click to install the certificate. You need to install the certificate before you install the software.



The context menu contains:

- **Delete certificate:** Delete the certificate.

## Accounts

### Accounts



**Add account:** Click to add a new account. You can add up to 100 accounts.

**Account:** Enter a unique account name.

**New password:** Enter a password for the account. Passwords must be 1 to 64 characters long. Only ASCII printable characters (code 32 to 126) are allowed in the password, for example, letters, numbers, punctuation, and some symbols.

**Repeat password:** Enter the same password again.

**Privileges:**

- **Administrator:** Has full access to all settings. Administrators can also add, update, and remove other accounts.
- **Operator:** Has access to all settings except:
  - All System settings.
- **Viewer:** Doesn't have access to change any settings.



The context menu contains:

**Update account:** Edit the account properties.


**Delete account:** Delete the account. You can't delete the root account.

### Anonymous access

**Allow anonymous viewing:** Turn on to allow anyone access the device as a viewer without logging in with an account.

**Allow anonymous PTZ operating**  : Turn on to allow anonymous users to pan, tilt, and zoom the image.

### SSH accounts

 **Add SSH account:** Click to add a new SSH account.


- **Enable SSH:** Turn on to use SSH service.

**Account:** Enter a unique account name.

**New password:** Enter a password for the account. Passwords must be 1 to 64 characters long. Only ASCII printable characters (code 32 to 126) are allowed in the password, for example, letters, numbers, punctuation, and some symbols.

**Repeat password:** Enter the same password again.

**Comment:** Enter a comment (optional).

 The context menu contains:

**Update SSH account:** Edit the account properties.

**Delete SSH account:** Delete the account. You can't delete the root account.

## OpenID Configuration

### Important

If you can't use OpenID to sign in, use the Digest or Basic credentials you used when you configured OpenID to sign in.

**Client ID:** Enter the OpenID username.

**Outgoing Proxy:** Enter the proxy address for the OpenID connection to use a proxy server.

**Admin claim:** Enter a value for the admin role.

**Provider URL:** Enter the web link for the API endpoint authentication. Format should be https://[insert URL]/well-known/openid-configuration

**Operator claim:** Enter a value for the operator role.

**Require claim:** Enter the data that should be in the token.

**Viewer claim:** Enter the value for the viewer role.

**Remote user:** Enter a value to identify remote users. This assists to display the current user in the device's web interface.

**Scopes:** Optional scopes that could be part of the token.

**Client secret:** Enter the OpenID password

**Save:** Click to save the OpenID values.

**Enable OpenID:** Turn on to close current connection and allow device authentication from the provider URL.

## Events

### Rules

A rule defines the conditions that triggers the product to perform an action. The list shows all the currently configured rules in the product.

### Note

You can create up to 256 action rules.





Add a rule: Create a rule.

**Name:** Enter a name for the rule.

**Wait between actions:** Enter the minimum time (hh:mm:ss) that must pass between rule activations. It is useful if the rule is activated by, for example, day-night mode conditions, to avoid that small light changes during sunrise and sunset activate the rule repeatedly.

**Condition:** Select a condition from the list. A condition must be met for the device to perform an action. If multiple conditions are defined, all of them must be met to trigger the action. For information about specific conditions, see *Get started with rules for events*.

**Use this condition as a trigger:** Select to make this first condition function only as a starting trigger. It means that once the rule is activated, it remains active for as long as all the other conditions are met, no matter the state of the first condition. If you don't select this option, the rule will simply be active whenever all the conditions are met.

**Invert this condition:** Select if you want the condition to be the opposite of your selection.



Add a condition: Click to add an additional condition.

**Action:** Select an action from the list and enter its required information. For information about specific actions, see *Get started with rules for events*.

### Recipients

You can set up your device to notify recipients about events or send files.

#### Note

If you set up your device to use FTP or SFTP, don't change or remove the unique sequence number that's added to the file names. If you do that, only one image per event can be sent.

The list shows all the recipients currently configured in the product, along with information about their configuration.

#### Note

You can create up to 20 recipients.



Add a recipient: Click to add a recipient.

Name: Enter a name for the recipient.

Type: Select from the list:

- **FTP** 
  - **Host:** Enter the server's IP address or hostname. If you enter a hostname, make sure that a DNS server is specified under **System > Network > IPv4 and IPv6**.
  - **Port:** Enter the port number used by the FTP server. The default is 21.
  - **Folder:** Enter the path to the directory where you want to store files. If this directory doesn't already exist on the FTP server, you will get an error message when uploading files.
  - **Username:** Enter the username for the login.
  - **Password:** Enter the password for the login.
  - **Use temporary file name:** Select to upload files with temporary, automatically generated filenames. The files get renamed to the desired names when the upload completes. If the upload is aborted/interrupted, you don't get any corrupt files. However, you probably still get the temporary files. This way you know that all files that have the desired name are correct.
  - **Use passive FTP:** Under normal circumstances, the product simply requests the target FTP server to open the data connection. The device actively initiates both the FTP control and data connections to the target server. This is normally needed if there is a firewall between the device and the target FTP server.
- **HTTP**
  - **URL:** Enter the network address to the HTTP server and the script that will handle the request. For example, `http://192.168.254.10/cgi-bin/notify.cgi`.
  - **Username:** Enter the username for the login.
  - **Password:** Enter the password for the login.
  - **Proxy:** Turn on and enter the required information if a proxy server must be passed to connect to the HTTP server.
- **HTTPS**
  - **URL:** Enter the network address to the HTTPS server and the script that will handle the request. For example, `https://192.168.254.10/cgi-bin/notify.cgi`.
  - **Validate server certificate:** Select to validate the certificate that was created by HTTPS server.
  - **Username:** Enter the username for the login.
  - **Password:** Enter the password for the login.
  - **Proxy:** Turn on and enter the required information if a proxy server must be passed to connect to the HTTPS server.
- **Network storage** 

You can add network storage such as NAS (network-attached storage) and use it as a recipient to store files. The files are stored in the Matroska (MKV) file format.

  - **Host:** Enter the IP address or hostname for the network storage.
  - **Share:** Enter the name of the share on the host.
  - **Folder:** Enter the path to the directory where you want to store files.
  - **Username:** Enter the username for the login.
  - **Password:** Enter the password for the login.

- **SFTP** 
  - **Host:** Enter the server's IP address or hostname. If you enter a hostname, make sure that a DNS server is specified under **System > Network > IPv4 and IPv6**.
  - **Port:** Enter the port number used by the SFTP server. The default is 22.
  - **Folder:** Enter the path to the directory where you want to store files. If this directory doesn't already exist on the SFTP server, you will get an error message when uploading files.
  - **Username:** Enter the username for the login.
  - **Password:** Enter the password for the login.
  - **SSH host public key type (MD5):** Enter the fingerprint of the remote host's public key (a 32-digit hexadecimal string). The SFTP client supports SFTP servers using SSH-2 with RSA, DSA, ECDSA, and ED25519 host key types. RSA is the preferred method during negotiation, followed by ECDSA, ED25519, and DSA. Make sure to enter the right MD5 host key that is used by your SFTP server. While the Axis device supports both MD5 and SHA-256 hash keys, we recommend using SHA-256 due to stronger security over MD5. For more information on how to configure an SFTP server with an Axis device, go to the *AXIS OS Portal*.
  - **SSH host public key type (SHA256):** Enter the fingerprint of the remote host's public key (a 43-digit Base64 encoded string). The SFTP client supports SFTP servers using SSH-2 with RSA, DSA, ECDSA, and ED25519 host key types. RSA is the preferred method during negotiation, followed by ECDSA, ED25519, and DSA. Make sure to enter the right MD5 host key that is used by your SFTP server. While the Axis device supports both MD5 and SHA-256 hash keys, we recommend using SHA-256 due to stronger security over MD5. For more information on how to configure an SFTP server with an Axis device, go to the *AXIS OS Portal*.
  - **Use temporary file name:** Select to upload files with temporary, automatically generated filenames. The files get renamed to the desired names when the upload completes. If the upload is aborted or interrupted, you don't get any corrupt files. However, you probably still get the temporary files. This way, you know that all files that have the desired name are correct.
- **SIP or VMS**  :
  - SIP:** Select to make a SIP call.
  - VMS:** Select to make a VMS call.
  - **From SIP account:** Select from the list.
  - **To SIP address:** Enter the SIP address.
  - **Test:** Click to test that your call settings works.
- **Email**
  - **Send email to:** Enter the email address to send emails to. To enter multiple addresses, use commas to separate them.
  - **Send email from:** Enter the email address of the sending server.
  - **Username:** Enter the username for the mail server. Leave this field empty if the mail server does not require authentication.
  - **Password:** Enter the password for the mail server. Leave this field empty if the mail server does not require authentication.
  - **Email server (SMTP):** Enter the name of the SMTP server, for example, smtp.gmail.com, smtp.mail.yahoo.com.
  - **Port:** Enter the port number for the SMTP server, using values in the range 0-65535. The default value is 587.
  - **Encryption:** To use encryption, select either SSL or TLS.
  - **Validate server certificate:** If you use encryption, select to validate the identity of the device. The certificate can be self-signed or issued by a Certificate Authority (CA).

- **POP authentication:** Turn on to enter the name of the POP server, for example, pop.gmail.com.

### Note

Some email providers have security filters that prevent users from receiving or viewing large amount of attachments, from receiving scheduled emails and similar. Check the email provider's security policy to avoid your email account being locked or missing out on your expected emails.

- **TCP**
  - **Host:** Enter the server's IP address or hostname. If you enter a hostname, make sure that a DNS server is specified under **System > Network > IPv4 and IPv6**.
  - **Port:** Enter the port number used to access the server.

**Test:** Click to test the setup.



The context menu contains:

**View recipient:** Click to view all the recipient details.

**Copy recipient:** Click to copy a recipient. When you copy, you can make changes to the new recipient.

**Delete recipient:** Click to delete the recipient permanently.

## Schedules

Schedules and pulses can be used as conditions in rules. The list shows all the schedules and pulses currently configured in the product, along with information about their configuration.



**Add schedule:** Click to create a schedule or pulse.

## Manual triggers

You can use the manual trigger to manually trigger a rule. The manual trigger can, for example, be used to validate actions during product installation and configuration.

## MQTT

MQTT (Message Queuing Telemetry Transport) is a standard messaging protocol for the Internet of Things (IoT). It was designed for simplified IoT integration and is used in a wide variety of industries to connect remote devices with a small code footprint and minimal network bandwidth. The MQTT client in Axis device software can simplify integration of data and events produced in the device to systems which are not video management software (VMS).

Set up the device as an MQTT client. MQTT communication is based on two entities, the clients and the broker. The clients can send and receive messages. The broker is responsible for routing messages between clients.

You can learn more about MQTT in *AXIS OS Knowledge base*.

## ALPN

ALPN is a TLS/SSL extension that allows for the selection of an application protocol during the handshake phase of the connection between the client and server. This is used to enable MQTT traffic over the same port that is used for other protocols, such as HTTP. In some cases, there might not be a dedicated port open for MQTT communication. A solution in such cases is to use ALPN to negotiate the use of MQTT as the application protocol on a standard port, allowed by the firewalls.

MQTT client

**Connect:** Turn on or off the MQTT client.

**Status:** Shows the current status of the MQTT client.

**Broker**

**Host:** Enter the hostname or IP address of the MQTT server.

**Protocol:** Select which protocol to use.

**Port:** Enter the port number.

- 1883 is the default value for **MQTT over TCP**
- 8883 is the default value for **MQTT over SSL**
- 80 is the default value for **MQTT over WebSocket**
- 443 is the default value for **MQTT over WebSocket Secure**

**ALPN protocol:** Enter the ALPN protocol name provided by your MQTT broker provider. This is only applicable with MQTT over SSL and MQTT over WebSocket Secure.

**Username:** Enter the username that the client will use to access the server.

**Password:** Enter a password for the username.

**Client ID:** Enter a client ID. The client identifier is sent to the server when the client connects to it.

**Clean session:** Controls the behavior at connection and disconnection time. When selected, the state information is discarded at connect and disconnect.

**HTTP proxy:** A URL with a maximum length of 255 bytes. You can leave the field empty if you don't want to use an HTTP proxy.

**HTTPS proxy:** A URL with a maximum length of 255 bytes. You can leave the field empty if you don't want to use an HTTPS proxy.

**Keep alive interval:** Enables the client to detect when the server is no longer available without having to wait for the long TCP/IP timeout.

**Timeout:** The time interval in seconds to allow a connect to complete. Default value: 60

**Device topic prefix:** Used in the default values for the topic in the connect message and LWT message on the MQTT client tab, and in the publication conditions on the **MQTT publication** tab.

**Reconnect automatically:** Specifies whether the client should reconnect automatically after a disconnect.

**Connect message**

Specifies if a message should be sent out when a connection is established.

**Send message:** Turn on to send messages.

**Use default:** Turn off to enter your own default message.

**Topic:** Enter the topic for the default message.

**Payload:** Enter the content for the default message.

**Retain:** Select to keep the state of client on this Topic

**QoS:** Change the QoS layer for the packet flow.

**Last Will and Testament message**

The Last Will Testament (LWT) lets a client provide a testament along with its credentials when connecting to the broker. If the client disconnects ungracefully at some point later (maybe because his power source died), it

can let the broker deliver a message to other clients. This LWT message has the same form as an ordinary message and gets routed via the same mechanics.

**Send message:** Turn on to send messages.

**Use default:** Turn off to enter your own default message.

**Topic:** Enter the topic for the default message.

**Payload:** Enter the content for the default message.

**Retain:** Select to keep the state of client on this Topic

**QoS:** Change the QoS layer for the packet flow.

### MQTT publication

**Use default topic prefix:** Select to use the default topic prefix, that is defined in the device topic prefix in the MQTT client tab.

**Include topic name:** Select to include the topic that describes the condition in the MQTT topic.

**Include topic namespaces:** Select to include ONVIF topic namespaces in the MQTT topic.

**Include serial number:** Select to include the device's serial number in the MQTT payload.



**Add condition:** Click to add a condition.

**Retain:** Defines which MQTT messages are sent as retained.

- **None:** Send all messages as non-retained.
- **Property:** Send only stateful messages as retained.
- **All:** Send both stateful and stateless messages as retained.

**QoS:** Select the desired level for the MQTT publication.

### MQTT subscriptions



**Add subscription:** Click to add a new MQTT subscription.

**Subscription filter:** Enter the MQTT topic that you want to subscribe to.

**Use device topic prefix:** Add the subscription filter as prefix to the MQTT topic.

**Subscription type:**

- **Stateless:** Select to convert MQTT messages into a stateless message.
- **Stateful:** Select to convert MQTT messages into a condition. The payload is used as the state.

**QoS:** Select the desired level for the MQTT subscription.

### MQTT overlays

### Note

Connect to an MQTT broker before you add MQTT overlay modifiers.



**Add overlay modifier:** Click to add a new overlay modifier.

**Topic filter:** Add the MQTT topic that contains the data you want to show in the overlay.

**Data field:** Specify the key for the message payload that you want to show in the overlay, assuming the message is in JSON format.

**Modifier:** Use the resulting modifier when you create the overlay.

- Modifiers that start with **#XMP** show all of the data received from the topic.
- Modifiers that start with **#XMD** show the data specified in the data field.

## ONVIF

### ONVIF accounts

ONVIF (Open Network Video Interface Forum) is a global interface standard that makes it easier for end-users, integrators, consultants, and manufacturers to take advantage of the possibilities offered by network video technology. ONVIF enables interoperability between different vendor products, increased flexibility, reduced cost and future-proof systems.

When you create an ONVIF account, you automatically enable ONVIF communication. Use the account name and password for all ONVIF communication with the device. For more information see the Axis Developer Community at [axis.com](http://axis.com).



**Add accounts:** Click to add a new ONVIF account.

**Account:** Enter a unique account name.

**New password:** Enter a password for the account. Passwords must be 1 to 64 characters long. Only ASCII printable characters (code 32 to 126) are allowed in the password, for example, letters, numbers, punctuation, and some symbols.

**Repeat password:** Enter the same password again.

**Role:**

- **Administrator:** Has full access to all settings. Administrators can also add, update, and remove other accounts.
- **Operator:** Has access to all settings except:
  - All **System** settings.
  - Adding apps.
- **Media account:** Allows access to the video stream only.



The context menu contains:

**Update account:** Edit the account properties.

**Delete account:** Delete the account. You can't delete the root account.

### Power setting

DC power input:

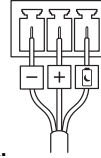


## Important

To avoid unwanted shutdown, only turn on **Delayed shutdown** when the ignition is physically connected to the main unit.

## Note

If the device has been without power before it is turned on, a delay occurs before **Delayed shutdown** is activated.



1. Connect to ignition control on the 3-pin terminal block.
2. Go to the device's web interface.
3. Go to **System > Power settings** and turn on **Delayed shutdown**.
4. Set a delay time between 1 and 60 minutes.

## Accessories



### I/O ports



Use digital input to connect external devices that can toggle between an open and closed circuit, for example, PIR sensors, door or window contacts, and glass break detectors.

Use digital output to connect external devices such as relays and LEDs. You can activate connected devices through the VAPIX® Application Programming Interface or the web interface.

#### Port

**Name:** Edit the text to rename the port.


**Direction:**  indicates that the port is an input port.  indicates that it's an output port. If the port is configurable, you can click the icons to change between input and output.

**Normal state:** Click  for open circuit, and  for closed circuit.

**Current state:** Shows the current state of the port. The input or output is activated when the current state is different from the normal state. An input on the device has an open circuit when it's disconnected or when there is a voltage above 1 VDC.

#### Note

During restart, the output circuit is open. When the restart is complete, the circuit goes back to the normal position. If you change any settings on this page, the output circuits go back to their normal positions regardless of any active triggers.

**Supervised**  : Turn on to make it possible to detect and trigger actions if someone tampers with the connection to digital I/O devices. In addition to detecting if an input is open or closed, you can also detect if someone has tampered with it (that is, cut or shorted). To supervise the connection requires additional hardware (end-of-line resistors) in the external I/O loop.

## Logs

### Reports and logs

### Reports

- **View the device server report:** View information about the product status in a pop-up window. The Access Log is automatically included in the Server Report.
- **Download the device server report:** It creates a .zip file that contains a complete server report text file in UTF-8 format, as well as a snapshot of the current live view image. Always include the server report .zip file when you contact support.
- **Download the crash report:** Download an archive with detailed information about the server's status. The crash report contains information that is in the server report as well as detailed debug information. This report might contain sensitive information such as network traces. It can take several minutes to generate the report.

### Logs

- **View the system log:** Click to show information about system events such as device startup, warnings, and critical messages.
- **View the access log:** Click to show all failed attempts to access the device, for example, when a wrong login password is used.

### Network trace

#### Important

A network trace file might contain sensitive information, for example certificates or passwords.

A network trace file can help you troubleshoot problems by recording activity on the network.

**Trace time:** Select the duration of the trace in seconds or minutes, and click **Download**.

### Remote system log

Syslog is a standard for message logging. It allows separation of the software that generates messages, the system that stores them, and the software that reports and analyzes them. Each message is labeled with a facility code, which indicates the software type generating the message, and assigned a severity level.



**Server:** Click to add a new server.

**Host:** Enter the hostname or IP address of the server.

**Format:** Select which syslog message format to use.

- Axis
- RFC 3164
- RFC 5424

**Protocol:** Select the protocol to use:

- UDP (Default port is 514)
- TCP (Default port is 601)
- TLS (Default port is 6514)

**Port:** Edit the port number to use a different port.

**Severity:** Select which messages to send when triggered.

**CA certificate set:** See the current settings or add a certificate.

### Plain config

Plain config is for advanced users with experience of Axis device configuration. Most parameters can be set and edited from this page.

### Maintenance

**Restart:** Restart the device. This does not affect any of the current settings. Running applications restart automatically.

**Restore:** Return most settings to the factory default values. Afterwards you must reconfigure the device and apps, reinstall any apps that didn't come preinstalled, and recreate any events and presets.

#### Important

The only settings saved after restore are:

- Boot protocol (DHCP or static)
- Static IP address
- Default router
- Subnet mask
- 802.1X settings
- O3C settings
- DNS server IP address

**Factory default:** Return all settings to the factory default values. Afterwards you must reset the IP address to make the device accessible.

#### Note

All Axis device software is digitally signed to ensure that you only install verified software on your device. This further increases the overall minimum cybersecurity level of Axis devices. For more information, see the white paper "Axis Edge Vault" at [axis.com](https://axis.com).

**AXIS OS upgrade:** Upgrade to a new AXIS OS version. New releases can contain improved functionality, bug fixes, and completely new features. We recommend you to always use the latest AXIS OS release. To download the latest release, go to [axis.com/support](https://axis.com/support).

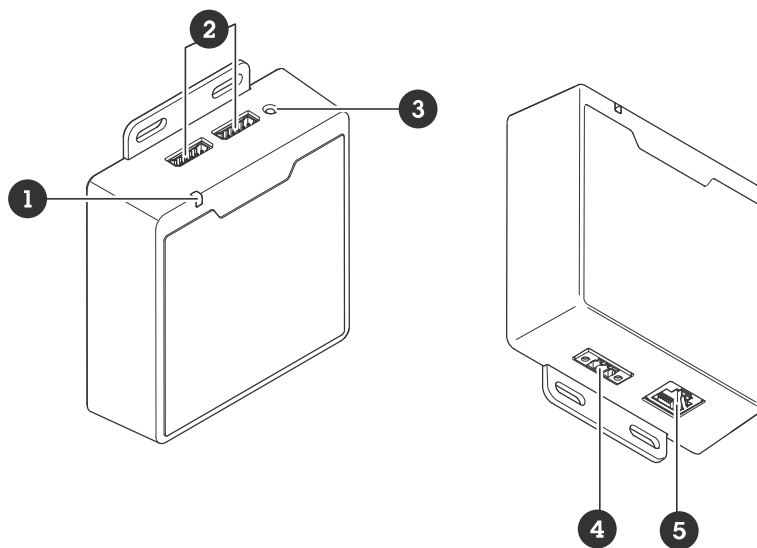
When you upgrade, you can choose between three options:

- **Standard upgrade:** Upgrade to the new AXIS OS version.
- **Factory default:** Upgrade and return all settings to the factory default values. When you choose this option, you can't revert to the previous AXIS OS version after the upgrade.
- **Autorollback:** Upgrade and confirm the upgrade within the set time. If you don't confirm, the device reverts to the previous AXIS OS version.

**AXIS OS rollback:** Revert to the previously installed AXIS OS version.

## Specifications

### Product overview



- 1 Status LED
- 2 2x I/O connectors
- 3 Control button
- 4 Power connector
- 5 RJ45 ethernet connector

### Buttons

#### Control button

The control button is used for:

- Resetting the product to factory default settings. See .
- Connecting to a one-click cloud connection (O3C) service over the internet. To connect, press and release the button, then wait for the status LED to flash green three times.

### Connectors

#### Network connector

RJ45 Ethernet connector.

Input: RJ45 Ethernet connector with Power over Ethernet (PoE).

Output: RJ45 Ethernet connector with Power over Ethernet (PoE).

#### I/O connector

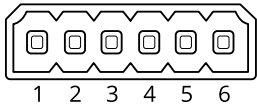
Use the I/O connector with external devices in combination with, for example, motion detection, event triggering, and alarm notifications. In addition to the 0 VDC reference point and power (12 V DC output), the I/O connector provides the interface to:

**Digital input** – For connecting devices that can toggle between an open and closed circuit, for example PIR sensors, door/window contacts, and glass break detectors.

**Supervised input** – Enables possibility to detect tampering on a digital input.

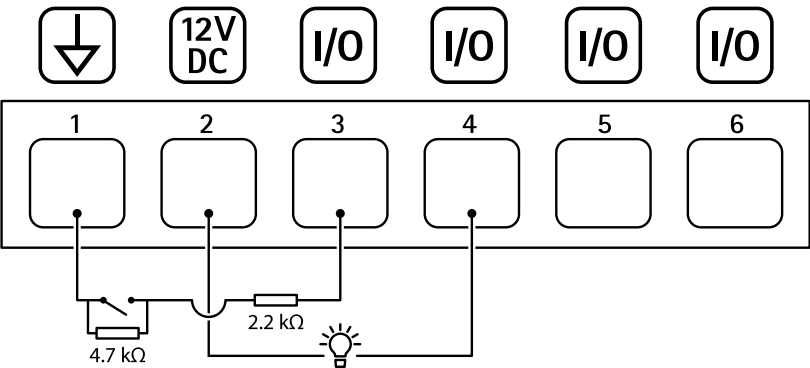
**Digital output** – For connecting external devices such as relays and LEDs. Connected devices can be activated by the VAPIX® Application Programming Interface, through an event or from the device's web interface.

6-pin terminal block



Function	Pin	Notes	Specifications
DC ground	1		0 VDC
DC output	2	Can be used to power auxiliary equipment. Note: This pin can only be used as power out.	12 VDC Max load = 50 mA
Configurable (Input or Output)	3–6	Digital input or Supervised input – Connect to pin 1 to activate, or leave floating (unconnected) to deactivate. To use supervised input, install end-of-line resistors. See connection diagram for information about how to connect the resistors.	0 to max 30 VDC
		Digital output – Internally connected to pin 1 (DC ground) when active, and floating (unconnected) when inactive. If used with an inductive load, e.g., a relay, connect a diode in parallel with the load, to protect against voltage transients.	0 to max 30 VDC, open drain, 100 mA

Example:

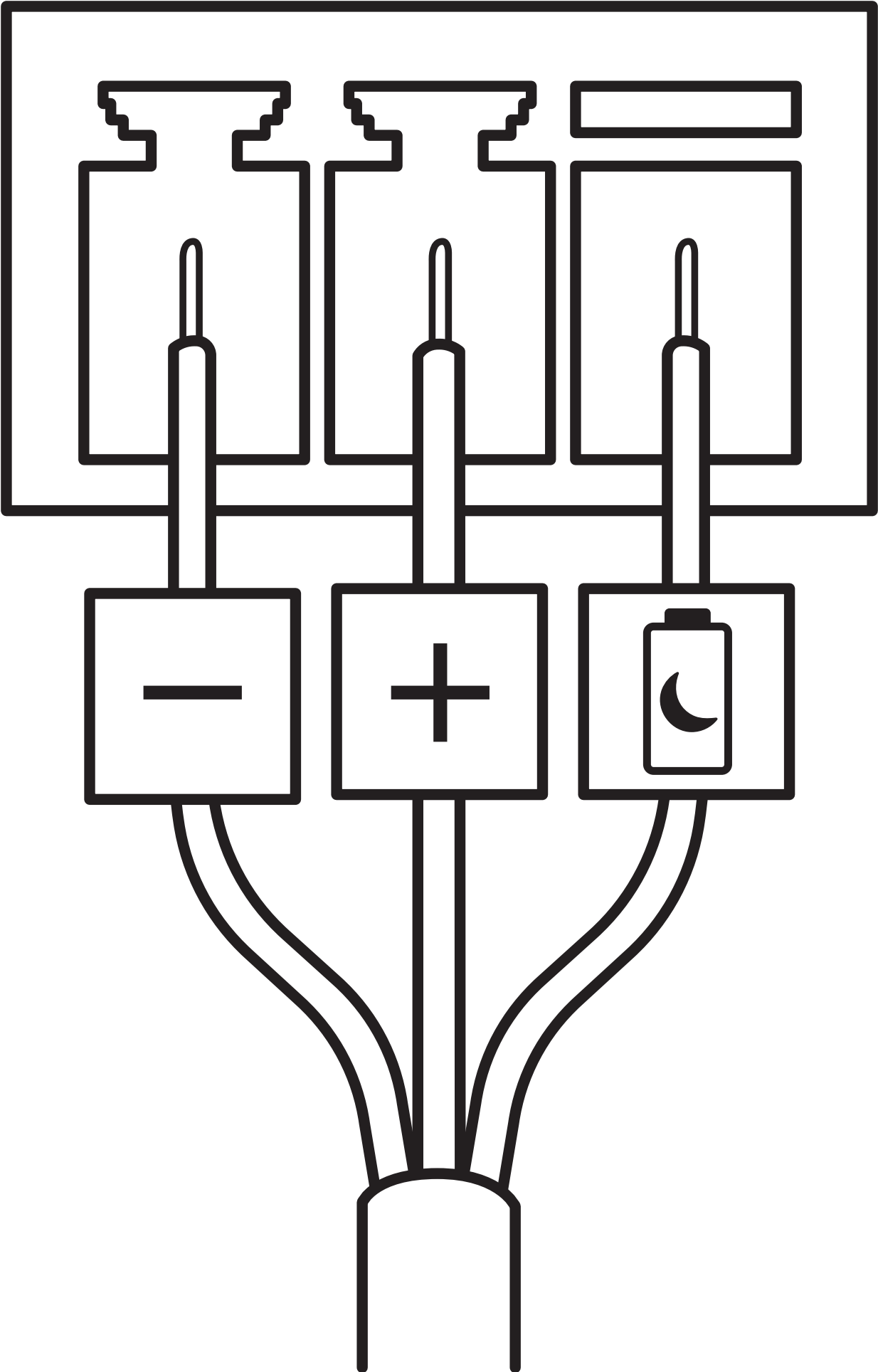


- 1 DC ground
- 2 DC output 12 V, max 50 mA
- 3 I/O configured as supervised input
- 4 I/O configured as output
- 5 Configurable I/O
- 6 Configurable I/O

Power connector

3-pin terminal block for power input. Use a Safety Extra Low Voltage (SELV) compliant limited power source (LPS) with either a rated output power limited to ≤100 W or a rated output current limited to ≤5 A.

DC power input:



### Delayed shutdown

#### Important

To avoid unwanted shutdown, only turn on **Delayed shutdown** when the ignition is physically connected to the main unit.

#### Note

If the device has been without power before it is turned on, a delay occurs before **Delayed shutdown** is activated.

1. Connect to ignition control on the 3-pin terminal block.
2. Go to the device's web interface.
3. Go to **System > Power settings** and turn on **Delayed shutdown**.
4. Set a delay time between 1 and 60 minutes.

## Configure your system

### Receive a Bluetooth® beacon signal

The following configuration explains how the AXIS Body Worn Activation Kit receives a Bluetooth beacon signal.

#### Configure the Body Worn Activation Kit

1. Go to **System > Events** and add a rule.
2. In the list of conditions, select **Bluetooth beacon signal received**.
3. In **System ID**, enter the body worn system's ID. You can find it in the **About** menu in AXIS Body Worn Manager.
4. Select the port that the device is connected to.
5. In the list of actions, select one of the actions.


#### Configure the Body Worn System

1. Install the body worn system according to the *Axis body worn solution user manual*.
2. In AXIS Body Worn Manager, go to **Camera profiles** and select the camera profile you want to use for the onboard system.
3. Under **Recording activation**, select **Broadcast wireless signal**.

### Broadcast a Bluetooth® beacon signal

The following configuration explains how the AXIS Body Worn Activation Kit broadcasts a Bluetooth beacon signal.

#### Configure the AXIS Body Worn Activation Kit

1. Configure the recording activation input:
  - 1.1. Go to **System > Accessories**.
  - 1.2. On the port where you connected the device, click  to set the direction to input.
2. Create a rule:
  - 2.1. Go to **System > Events** and add a rule.
  - 2.2. In the list of conditions, select **Digital input is active**.
  - 2.3. Select the port that the device is connected to.
  - 2.4. In the list of actions, select **Broadcast signal**.
  - 2.5. In **System ID**, enter the body worn system's ID. You can find it in the **About** menu in AXIS Body Worn Manager.
  - 2.6. In **Message type**, enter 1 to broadcast the message `lightbar active`.

#### Configure the Body Worn System

1. Install the body worn system according to the *Axis body worn solution user manual*.
2. In AXIS Body Worn Manager, go to **Camera profiles** and select the camera profile you want to use for the onboard system.
3. Under **Recording activation**, select **Receive wireless broadcast**.



## Troubleshooting

### Reset to factory default settings

#### Important

Reset to factory default should be used with caution. A reset to factory default resets all settings, including the IP address, to the factory default values.

To reset the product to the factory default settings:

1. Disconnect power from the product.
2. Press and hold the control button while reconnecting power. See .
3. Keep the control button pressed for 15–30 seconds until the status LED indicator flashes amber.
4. Release the control button. The process is complete when the status LED indicator turns green. If no DHCP server is available on the network, the device IP address will default to one of the following:
  - **Devices with AXIS OS 12.0 and later:** Obtained from the link-local address subnet (169.254.0.0/16)
  - **Devices with AXIS OS 11.11 and earlier:** 192.168.0.90/24
5. Use the installation and management software tools to assign an IP address, set the password, and access the device.  
The installation and management software tools are available from the support pages on [axis.com/support](https://axis.com/support).

You can also reset parameters to factory default through the device's web interface. Go to **Maintenance > Factory default** and click **Default**.

### AXIS OS options

Axis offers device software management according to either the active track or the long-term support (LTS) tracks. Being on the active track means continuously getting access to all the latest product features, while the LTS tracks provide a fixed platform with periodic releases focused mainly on bug fixes and security updates.

Using AXIS OS from the active track is recommended if you want to access the newest features, or if you use Axis end-to-end system offerings. The LTS tracks are recommended if you use third-party integrations, which are not continuously validated against the latest active track. With LTS, the products can maintain cybersecurity without introducing any significant functional changes or affecting any existing integrations. For more detailed information about Axis device software strategy, go to [axis.com/support/device-software](https://axis.com/support/device-software).

### Check the current AXIS OS version

AXIS OS determines the functionality of our devices. When you troubleshoot a problem, we recommend that you to start by checking the current AXIS OS version. The latest version might contain a correction that fixes your particular problem.

To check the current AXIS OS version:

1. Go to the device's web interface > **Status**.
2. Under **Device info**, see the AXIS OS version.

### Upgrade AXIS OS

#### Important

- Preconfigured and customized settings are saved when you upgrade the device software (provided that the features are available in the new AXIS OS) although this is not guaranteed by Axis Communications AB.
- Make sure the device remains connected to the power source throughout the upgrade process.

## Note

When you upgrade the device with the latest AXIS OS version in the active track, the product receives the latest functionality available. Always read the upgrade instructions and release notes available with each new release before you upgrade. To find the latest AXIS OS version and the release notes, go to [axis.com/support/device-software](https://axis.com/support/device-software).

1. Download the AXIS OS file to your computer, available free of charge at [axis.com/support/device-software](https://axis.com/support/device-software).
2. Log in to the device as an administrator.
3. Go to **Maintenance > AXIS OS upgrade** and click **Upgrade**.

When the upgrade has finished, the product restarts automatically.

## Technical issues, clues, and solutions

If you can't find what you're looking for here, try the troubleshooting section at [axis.com/support](https://axis.com/support).

### Problems upgrading AXIS OS

AXIS OS upgrade failure	If the upgrade fails, the device reloads the previous version. The most common reason is that the wrong AXIS OS file has been uploaded. Check that the name of the AXIS OS file corresponds to your device and try again.
Problems after AXIS OS upgrade	If you experience problems after the upgrade, roll back to the previously installed version from the <b>Maintenance</b> page.

### Problems setting the IP address

The device is located on a different subnet	If the IP address intended for the device and the IP address of the computer used to access the device are located on different subnets, you cannot set the IP address. Contact your network administrator to obtain an IP address.
The IP address is being used by another device	<p>Disconnect the Axis device from the network. Run the ping command (in a Command/DOS window, type <code>ping</code> and the IP address of the device):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• If you receive: <code>Reply from &lt;IP address&gt;: bytes=32; time=10...</code> this means that the IP address may already be in use by another device on the network. Obtain a new IP address from the network administrator and reinstall the device.</li> <li>• If you receive: <code>Request timed out</code>, this means that the IP address is available for use with the Axis device. Check all cabling and reinstall the device.</li> </ul>
Possible IP address conflict with another device on the same subnet	The static IP address in the Axis device is used before the DHCP server sets a dynamic address. This means that if the same default static IP address is also used by another device, there may be problems accessing the device.

### The device can't be accessed from a browser

Can't log in	<p>When HTTPS is enabled, ensure that the correct protocol (HTTP or HTTPS) is used when attempting to log in. You may need to manually type <code>http</code> or <code>https</code> in the browser's address field.</p> <p>If the password for the root account is lost, the device must be reset to the factory default settings. See .</p>
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The IP address has been changed by DHCP	<p>IP addresses obtained from a DHCP server are dynamic and may change. If the IP address has been changed, use AXIS IP Utility or AXIS Device Manager to locate the device on the network. Identify the device using its model or serial number, or by the DNS name (if the name has been configured).</p> <p>If required, a static IP address can be assigned manually. For instructions, go to <a href="https://axis.com/support">axis.com/support</a>.</p>
Certificate error when using IEEE 802.1X	<p>For authentication to work properly, the date and time settings in the Axis device must be synchronized with an NTP server. Go to <b>System &gt; Date and time</b>.</p>

### The device is accessible locally but not externally

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To access the device externally, we recommend you to use one of the following applications for Windows®:

- AXIS Camera Station Edge: free of charge, ideal for small systems with basic surveillance needs.
- AXIS Camera Station 5: 30-day trial version free of charge, ideal for small to mid-size systems.
- AXIS Camera Station Pro: 90-day trial version free of charge, ideal for small to mid-size systems.

For instructions and download, go to [axis.com/vms](https://axis.com/vms).

### Can't connect over port 8883 with MQTT over SSL

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The firewall blocks traffic using port 8883 as it's deemed insecure.	<p>In some cases the server/broker might not provide a specific port for MQTT communication. It may still be possible to use MQTT over a port normally used for HTTP/HTTPS traffic.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• If the server/broker supports WebSocket/WebSocket Secure (WS/WSS), typically on port 443, use this protocol instead. Check with the server/broker provider to see if WS/WSS is supported and which port and basepath to use.</li><li>• If the server/broker supports ALPN, the use of MQTT can be negotiated over an open port, such as 443. Check with your server/broker provider to see if ALPN is supported and which ALPN protocol and port to use.</li></ul>
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## Contact support

If you need more help, go to [axis.com/support](https://axis.com/support).

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